

ENDOLOW ELIGIBILITY for Protocol Version 1.4

Inclusion Criteria:	Exclusion Criteria:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Age 18 years or older 2. Acute ischemic stroke based on clinical diagnosis (NIHSS 0-5) and presence of an objective neurological deficit 3. Patients eligible for intravenous rt-PA should receive this therapy as soon as possible and no later than 4.5 hours from symptom onset 4. Proximal Intracranial Artery Occlusion on Imaging by NCCT/CTA or MRI/MRA showing complete occlusion of the intracranial ICA, M1, or an “M1-like” M2 vessel with or without tandem cervical lesion. Notably, “M1-like” M2 vessel occlusions are defined functionally for the trial as following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Occlusion of both branches after MCA division (both M2s occluded) (Examples A and B) or b. If mCTA or CTP performed a dominant M2 occlusion which is the larger diameter M2 and supplies the bulk of the MCA territory (Example D) by evidence of either: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. The bulk (>2/3) of the MCA territory has evidence of delayed washout on multiphase CT or ii. Perfusion imaging shows a hypoperfusion lesion volume involving the majority of MCA territory (Tmax >6 sec) of ≥100 mL 5. Baseline Infarct Core of either: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Baseline ASPECTS ≥6 on non-contrast CT (NCCT), or b. Baseline Infarct Core Volume of < 70cc on either CTP (Volume of rCBF <30%) or DWI if quantitative software tools are available (neither test is mandatory for study) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. NIHSS ≥6 2. Any sign of intracranial hemorrhage on baseline CT/MR (SDH/SAH/ICH) 3. Any imaging findings suggestive of futile recanalization in the judgment of the local investigator 4. High degree suspicion of intracranial arterial disease (ICAD), such as evidence of multifocal ICAD 5. Premorbid disability (mRS ≥3) 6. Inability to perform arterial puncture within 8 hours of last known well 7. Seizures at stroke onset if it precludes obtaining an accurate baseline NIHSS 8. Baseline blood glucose of <50 mg/dL (2.78 mmol) or >400 mg/dL (22.20 mmol) 9. Baseline platelet count < 100,000/uL 10. Serum creatinine levels > 3.0 mg/dL 11. Presumed septic embolus or suspicion of bacterial endocarditis 12. Any other condition that, in the opinion of the investigator, precludes an endovascular procedure or poses a significant hazard to the subject if an endovascular procedure was performed. 13. Participation in another investigational treatment study in the previous 30 days 14. Intubation and mechanical ventilation prior to study enrollment is medically indicated 15. History of drug or alcohol use or dependence that, in the opinion of the site investigator, would interfere with adherence to study requirements 16. Site investigator does not have equipoise towards the ideal treatment concept (i.e. thrombectomy vs. best medical management) 17. Known pregnancy 18. Prisoner or incarceration